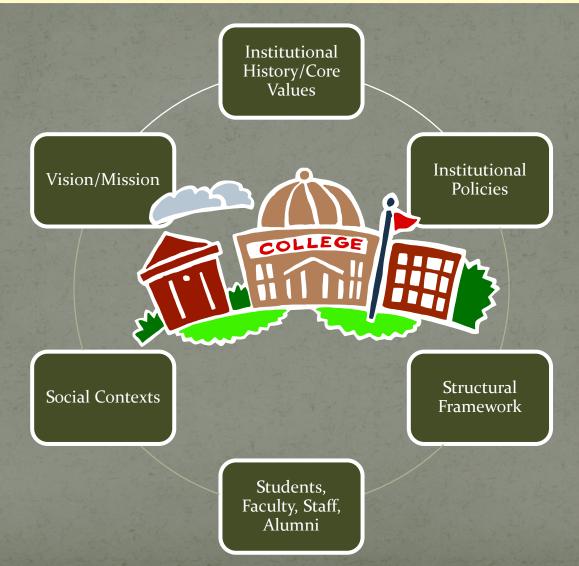


PennState College of Earth and Mineral Sciences

Climate Matters

February 23, 2018

Campuses as Social Systems



Climate In Higher Education



Barcelo, 2004; Bauer, 1998; Harper, 2012; Hurtado, 1998, 2005; Ingle, 2005; Kuh & Whitt, 1998; Milhem, 2005; Peterson, 1990; Rankin, 1994, 1998, 2003, 2005; Rankin & Reason, 2008; Smith, 2009; Tierney, 1990; Worthington, 2008

Assessing Campus Climate

What is it?

Campus Climate is a construct

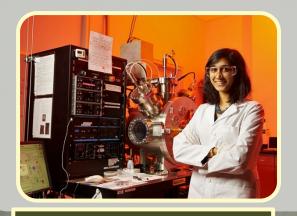
Definition?

• The current attitudes, behaviors, and standards of faculty, staff, administrators and students concerning the level of respect for individual needs, abilities, and potential.

How is it measured?

- Personal Experiences
- Perceptions
- Institutional Efforts

Campus Climate & Students







How students
experience their
campus
environment
influences both
learning and
developmental
outcomes.¹

Discriminatory environments have a **negative effect** on student learning.² Research supports
the pedagogical
value of a diverse
student body and
faculty on
enhancing
learning
outcomes.³

¹ Harper & Hurtado, 2009; Maramba. & Museus, 2011; Pascarella & Terenzini, 1991, 2005; Patton, 2011; Strayhorn, 2012

² Cabrera, Nora, Terenzini, Pascarella, & Hagedron, 1999; Feagin, Vera & Imani, 1996; Pascarella & Terenzini, 2005

³ Hale, 2004; Harper, & Hurtado, 2009; Harper & Quaye, 2004; Hurtado, 2003; Nelson & Niskodé-Dossett, 2010; Strayhorn, 2013

Campus Climate & Faculty/Staff







The personal and professional development of employees are impacted by campus climate.

Faculty members who judge their campus climate more positively are more likely to feel personally supported and perceive their work unit as more supportive.²

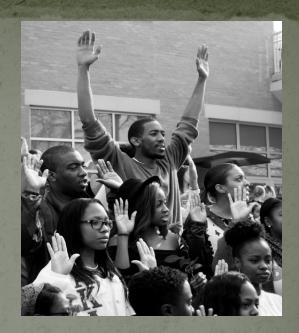
Research underscores the relationships between (1) workplace discrimination and negative job and career attitudes and (2) workplace encounters with prejudice and lower health and wellbeing..3

¹ Gardner, 2013; Jayakumar, Howard, Allen, & Han, 2009; Settles, Cortina, Malley, & Stewart, 2006

² Costello, 2012; Griffin, Pérez , Holmes, & Mayo, 2010; Kaminski, & Geisler, 2012; Sears, 2002

³ Silverschanz, Cortina, Konik, & Magley, 2007





Climate Matters









Climate Matters





Responses to Unwelcoming Campus Climates

What are students' behavioral responses?

Lack of Persistence

30% of respondents have seriously considered leaving their institution due to the challenging climate

What do students offer as the main reason for their departure?

Suicidal Ideation/Self-Harm

Experienced Victimization Lack of Social Support Feelings of hopelessness Suicidal Ideation or Self-Harm

Assessing Campus Climate

Why Assess?
What is the Process?

Where Do We Start?

Campus Climate & Successful Outcomes

Positive Experiences with Campus Climate



Positive Perceptions of Campus Climate

Success

For Students:

- ➤ Positive educational experiences
- ➤ Healthy identity development
- ➤ Overall well-being

For Faculty & Staff:

- > Productivity
- ➤ Sense of value & community
- ➤ Overall well-being

Persistence &
Retention

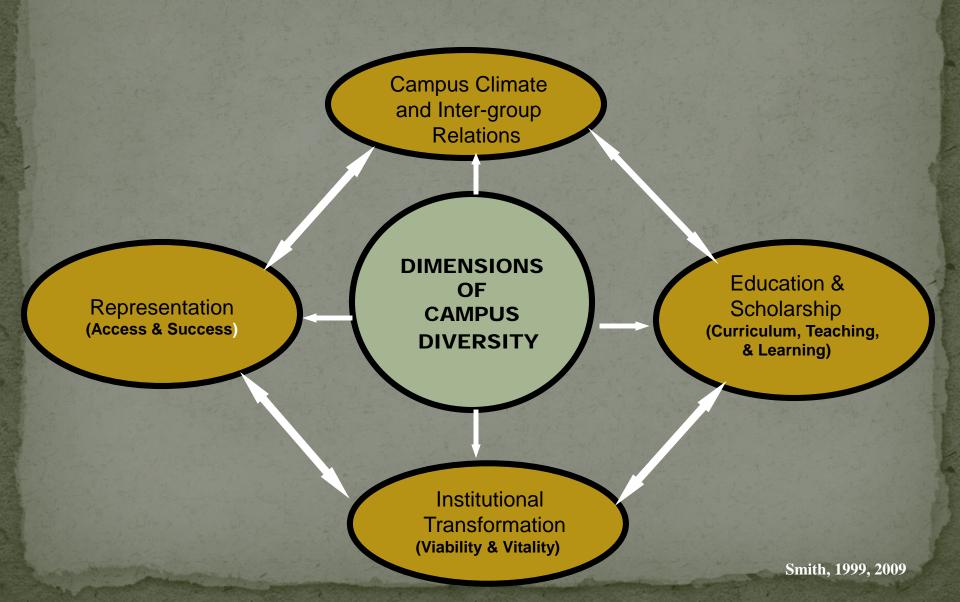
Penn State Statement on Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion

The Pennsylvania State University is committed to and accountable for advancing diversity, equity, and inclusion in all of its forms. We embrace individual uniqueness, foster a culture of inclusive excellence that supports both broad and specific diversity initiatives, leverage the educational and institutional benefits of diversity, and engage all individuals to help them thrive. We value inclusive excellence as a core strength and an essential element of our public service mission.

All In at Penn State: A Commitment to Diversity and Inclusion

- 1) Promote inclusion
- 2) Encourage civil discourse
- 3) Challenge all perspectives

Conceptual Framework for Campus Diversity Research



Components of Campus Climate

Government/Policy Context

Sociohistorical Context

Historical Legacy of Inclusion/Exclusion

Compositional Diversity

Organizational/ Structural (Campus Policy)

Psychological Climate

Behavioral Dimension

Rankin 2001 National Campus Climate Diversity Assessment

NASPA/NGLTF Grants

Underrepresented/underserved faculty/staff/students

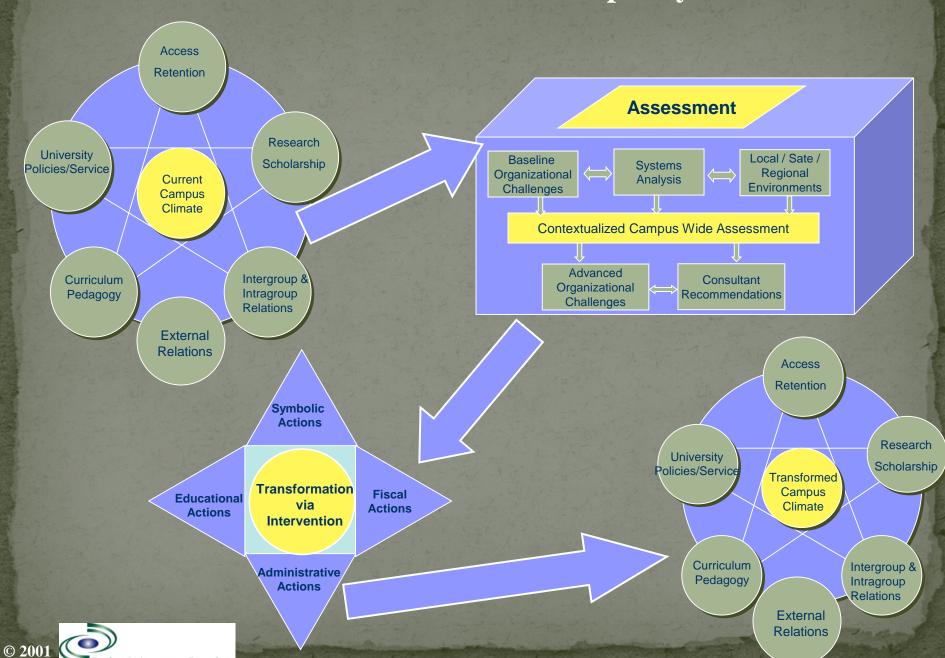
30 Campuses

Survey Instrument

Meta-analysis of diversity assessment tools from 35 institutions

Paper/Pencil only

Transformational Tapestry Model[©]

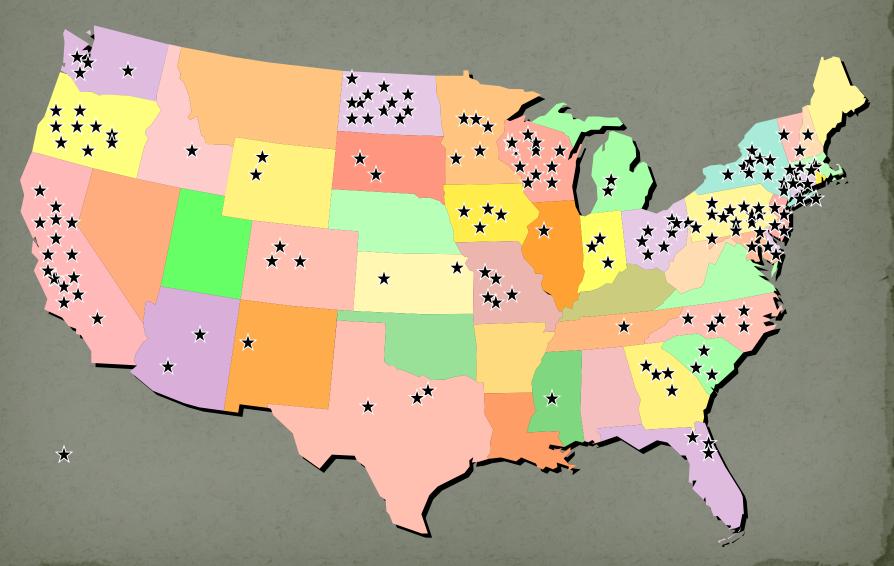


ankin & Associates, Consulting

Recent Climate Research

1999-2018 Campus Climate Assessments 2010 State of Higher Education for LGBTQ People 2011 NCAA Student-Athlete Climate Study 2014 International Athlete Survey 2016 United States Transgender National Survey

R&A Campus Climate Assessments 1999-2018



Source: www.rankin-consulting.com

Student-Athlete Climate Study











SACS Conceptual Framework

CLIMATE

- Experiences with Athletic Personnel
- Perceptions of Personal & Institutional Climate
- Perceptions of Respect
- Institutional Actions
- Faculty-Student Interaction
- Beliefs about Diversity & Team Success
- Personal Comfort with Team Diversity

CHARACTERISTICS

- Student-Athlete Characteristics
- Demographics
- Institutional Characteristics

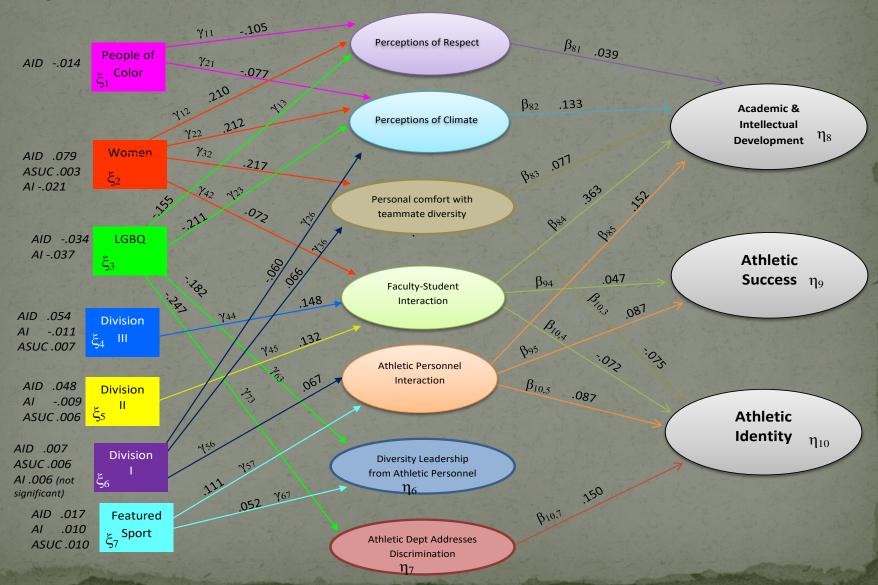


OUTCOMES

- Academic & Intellectual Development
- Persistence
- Athletic Success
- Athletic Identity

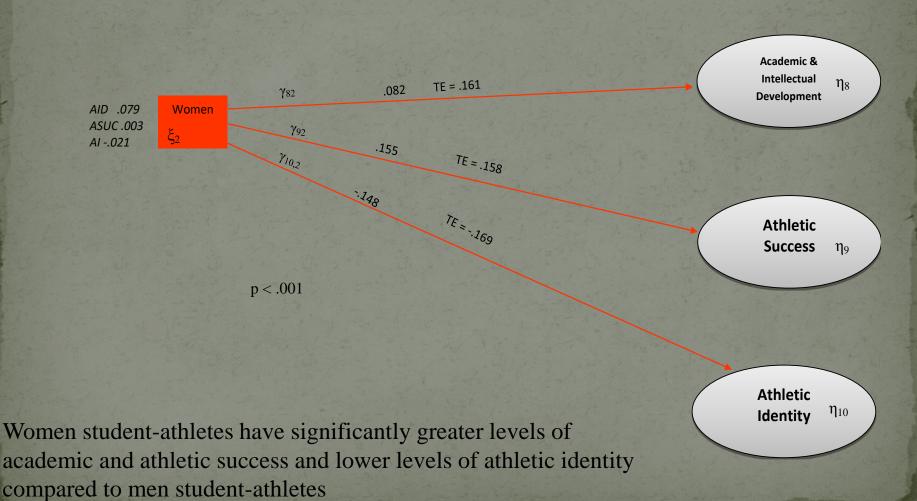
SEM Mediation Model

SACS Path Diagram - Mediation Model



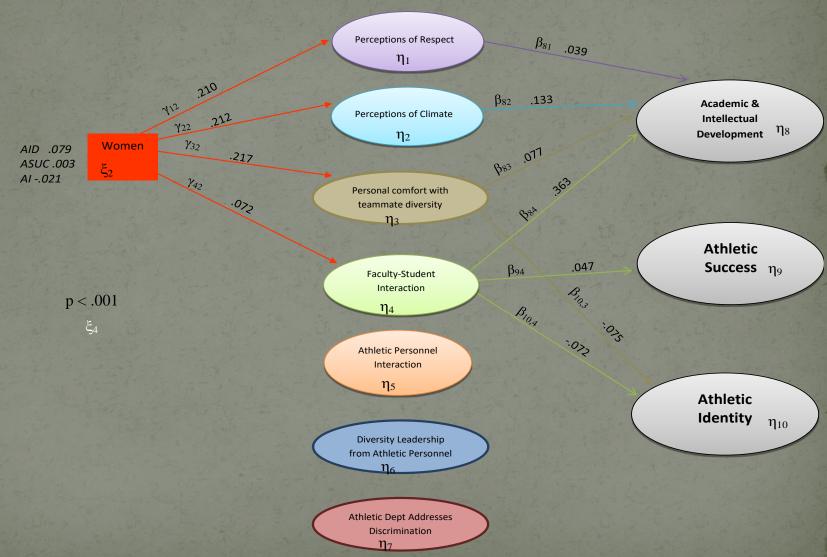
Gender – Direct Effects Model

SACS Path Diagram - Direct Effects, Relevant Indirect Effects, Total Effects for Gender



Gender - Mediation Effects on Outcomes

SACS Path Diagram – Mediation Model for Gender



Women Student-Athletes

Gender Matters

- Gender significantly predicts academic success and athletic success.
- Women student-athletes report greater levels of **academic success** than men student-athletes
- Women student-athletes report greater levels of **athletic success** than men student-athletes

Climate Matters

- The following climate factors significantly influenced academic success for women student-athletes
 - Perceptions of climate
 - Faculty-student interaction
 - Personal comfort with teammate diversity
 - Perceptions of respect

Sexual Identity – Direct Effects

LGBQ

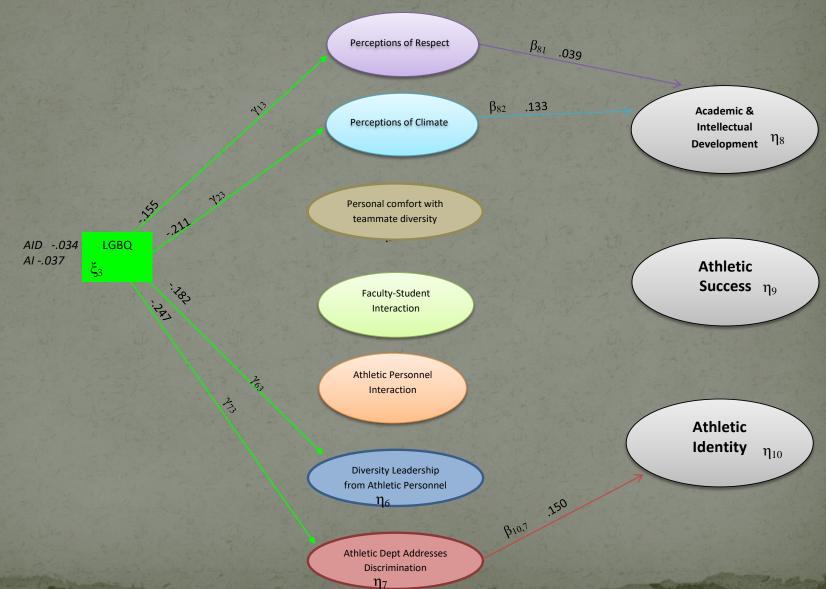
Academic & Intellectual Development

Athletic Success

Athletic Identity

Sexual Identity – Mediation Model

SACS Path Diagram – Mediation Model for Sexual Identity



Review of Climate Assessment Process

PSU EMS Summary

Project Outcomes

- PSU EMS will add to their knowledge base with regard to how students, faculty, and staff currently experience the campus climate.
- > PSU EMS will use the results of the assessment to inform current/on-going work regarding issues of campus climate for students, faculty, and staff.

PHASE I

Initial Proposal Meeting Focus Groups

Focus Groups

Identify the focus groups

Populate the focus groups

Develop the protocol for the focus groups

Focus group facilitators are selected and trained by the consultant

PHASE II

Assessment Tool Development Communication/Marketing Plan IRB proposal

Survey Instrument

Final instrument

- Quantitative questions and additional space for respondents to provide commentary
- Web-based survey

Sample = Population

 All members of the EMS community are invited to participate via an invitation from Dean Kump.

SAMPLE CONCEPT MAP

Demographics

Climate

Outcomes

Position Status

Racial Identity

Gender Identity

Sexual Identity

disAbility
Status

SES status

Spiritual identity

Experiences

Perceptions

Institutional Actions

Professional Success

Intent to Persist

Communication Plan

Preparing the College Community

- > Talking points
- > Incentives
- > Invitation letter
- > Subsequent invitations to participate

Institutional Review Board



- >Proposal application
- Primary Investigator from PSU EMS

PHASE III

Survey Implementation

Data Analysis

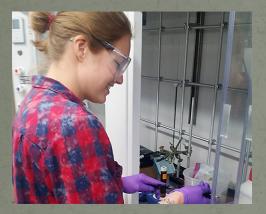
SAMPLE Response Rates Demographics of Population & Sample

PSU EMS							
Fall Semester 2018			P. S.				
Faculty	Man Woman	African American	Native American	Asian American	Latino(a) American	European American	Unknown
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Associate Professor							
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Assistant Professor			ARRIVA ARRIVA	G. F. Mark			
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PHASE IV

Final Report
Presentation of Results

Next Steps









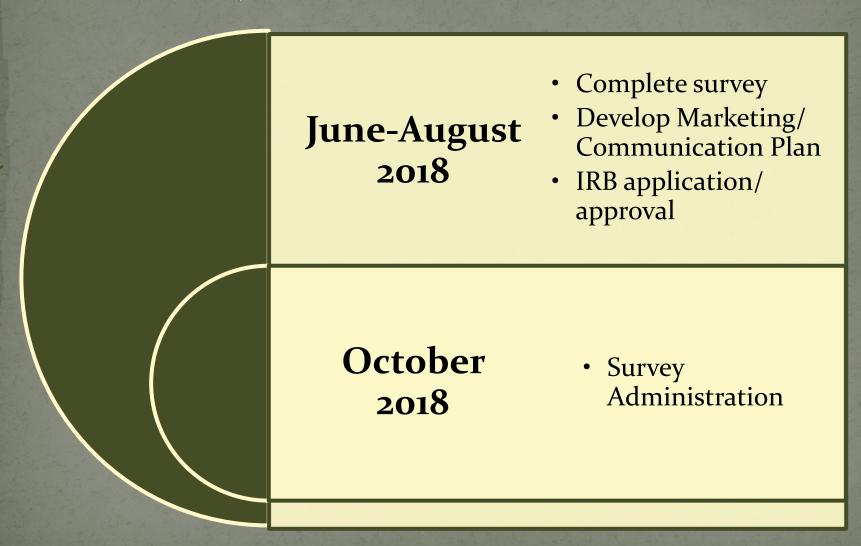


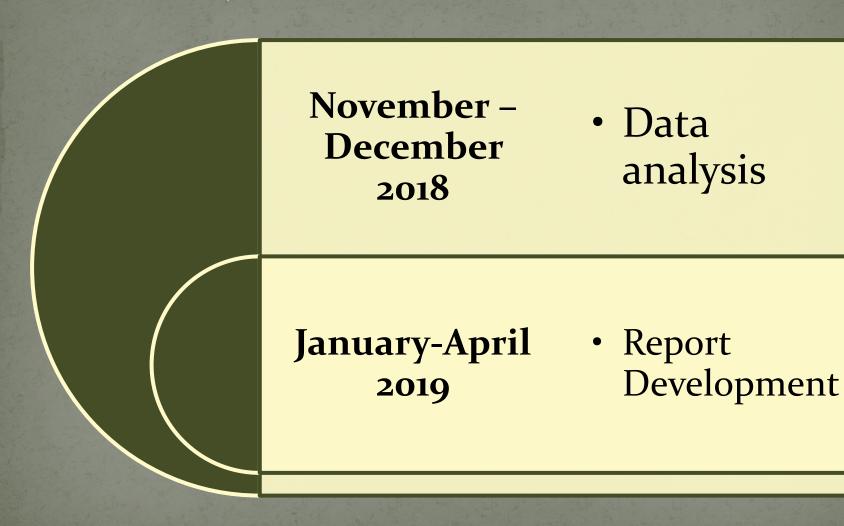
February-March 2018

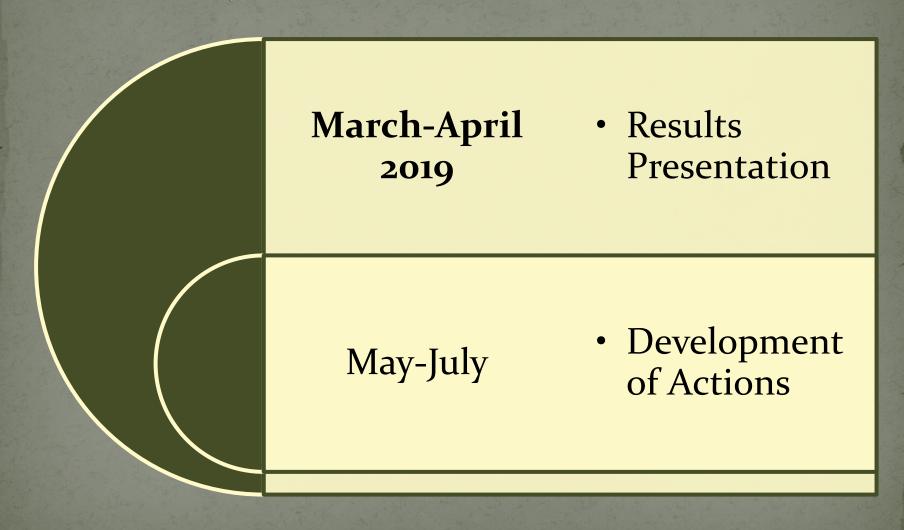
- Initial meeting with Climate Study Working Group (CSWG)
- Plan Focus Groups

April - May 2018

- Conduct Focus Groups
- Begin survey development







Questions..?





Thoughts..?

Thank You!

For more information contact Rankin & Associates Consulting

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Stefani Bjorklund, PhD Stefani@rankin-consulting.com